

## Reconsidering the Value of Education



### Meet the Presenters



**Brian Powell**James H. Rudy Professor

Sociology at Indiana University



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Higher Education at New America



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#### **Brian Powell**

James H. Rudy Professor of Sociology at Indiana University

Co-Author of Who Should Pay?



## Questioning the Value of College: Politicians, Millionaires, Economists

"Welders make more money than philosophers. We need more welders and less philosophers."

"I don't recommend college for everybody.... Be a plumber. They get rich."

The Overeducated American.



#### **Financial Value of College: Evidence**

- Lifetime earnings
- Employment/unemployment rates
- Value during Covid











#### **Public Views of the Value of College: Evidence**

- Parental educational aspirations for their children
- Perceptions of success with and without a college degree
- Importance of college today vs. a decade ago



#### Is It the Value or Cost of College?: Evidence

- Difficulty of attending college today vs. a decade ago
- Concerns over debt



## Solution: Discourage College or Make College Affordable?

- Who Should Pay?
- Free tuition
- Forgiveness of Loans



## Going Beyond the Financial Value of College











# Varying Degrees 2022 What do *young* Americans think about higher education?

December 12, 2022 Sophie Nguyen





July 2022

### Varying Degrees 2022

New America's Sixth Annual Survey on Higher Education

Rachel Fishman, Sophie Nguyen, & Louisa Woodhouse

## Survey about Americans' perspectives on higher education

- Population: American adults (18yr and above)
- Core issues: value, funding, accountability
- Featured issues: educational pathways, admissions, election, student loans, etc.
- Conducted annually, since
   2017

### Methodology

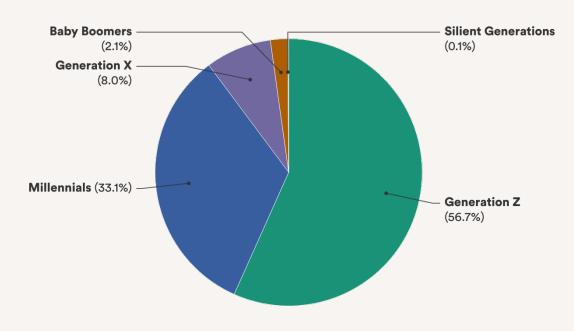
- Administered by NORC at the University of Chicago
- Sample: American adults (18 years and older), with overamples of Black, Latinx, and Asian Americans, and current student loan borrowers
- Fielding period: April-May 2022
- Sample size: 1,517
- MOE: ±3.47%



## Why young Americans?

- Generation Z: born
   1995 or later
- Millennials: born 1980-1994
- Generation X: born 1965-1979
- Baby boomers: born 1946-1964
- Silent generation: born 1945 or before

#### Undergraduate population by generations in 2018



Source: National Postsecondary Student Aid Survey (AC-2018)

## Highlights

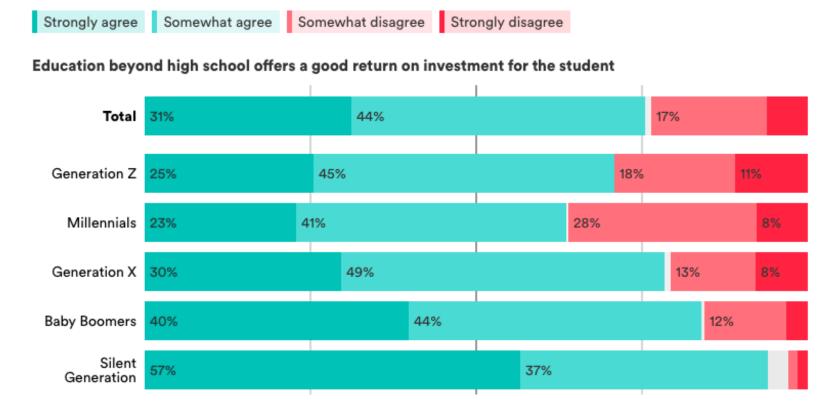


Young Americans still believe in the value of education after high school, although slightly less than older generations.



## 70% of Generation Z and 64% of Millennials believe education after high school offers good ROI for students.

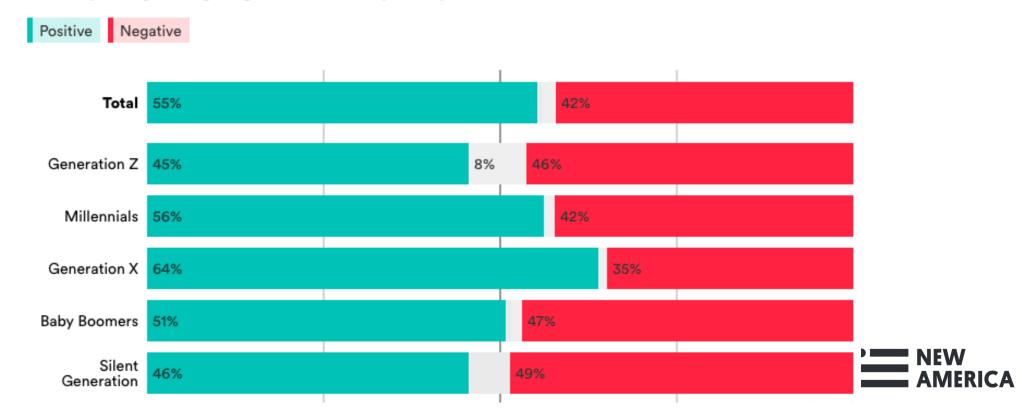
How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements:





## Young Americans are split about whether colleges and universities have a positive effect on the way things are going in the country.

Overall, do you think colleges and universities are having a positive or negative effect on the way things are going in this country today?

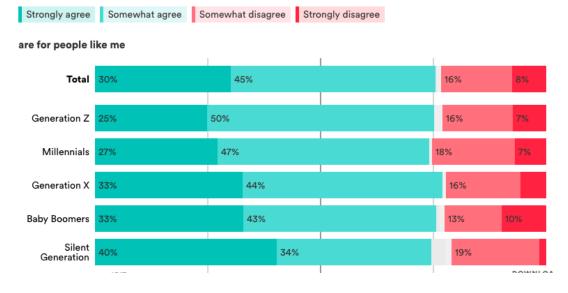


# Young Americans are not sure about public four-year and private non-profit colleges.

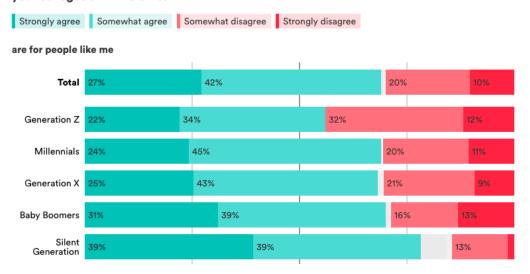


#### Young Americans believe public two-year colleges are for them, but are not as certain about public four-year and private non-profit.

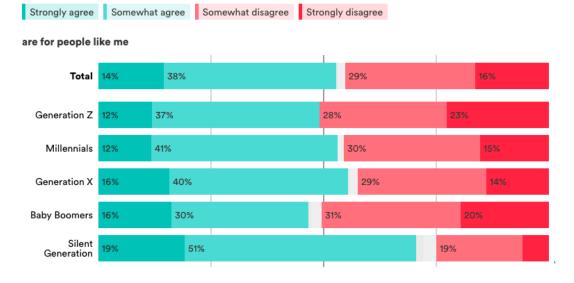
How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding public community colleges



How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding public fouryear colleges or universities

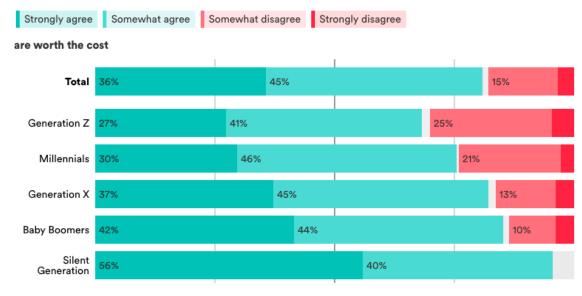


How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding private, non-profit colleges or universities

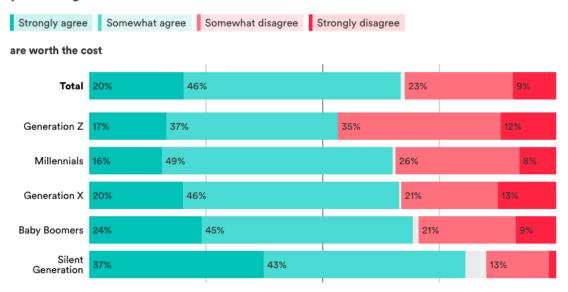


# Young Americans are split about whether public four-year and private non-profit colleges are worth the cost.

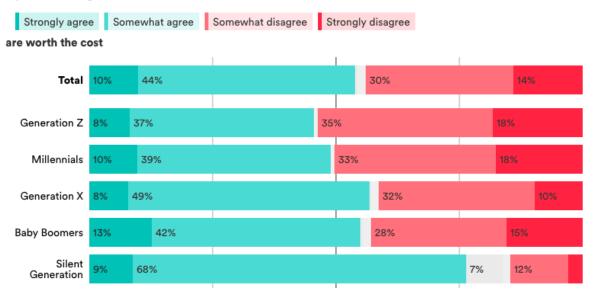
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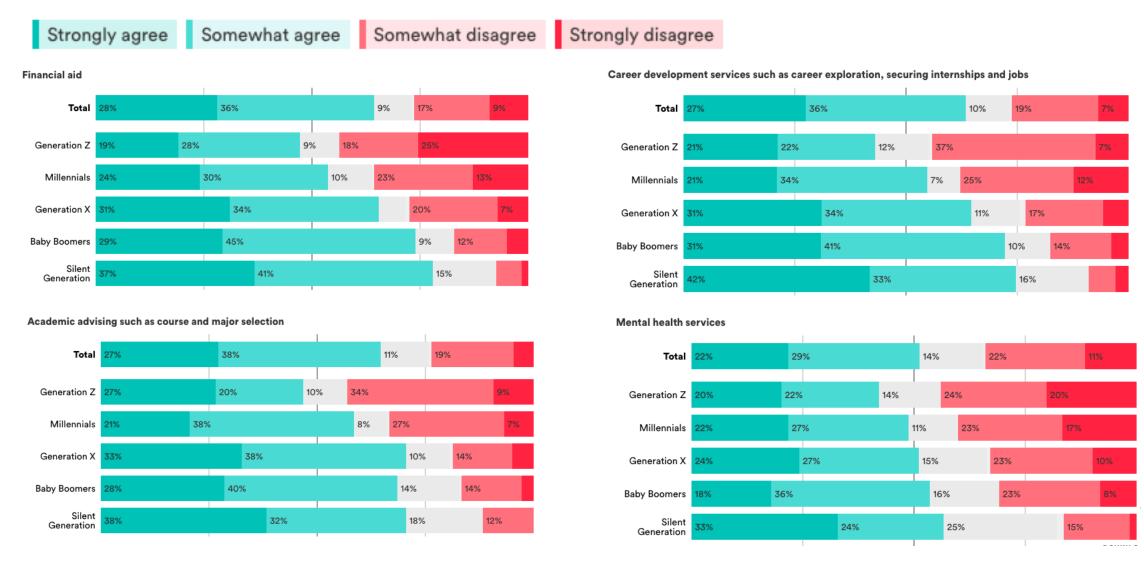
How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding private, non-profit colleges or universities



Fewer young Americans than older generations believe colleges provide enough support to help students succeed.



How much do you agree or disagree that colleges and universities provide enough support in the following areas to help students graduate?

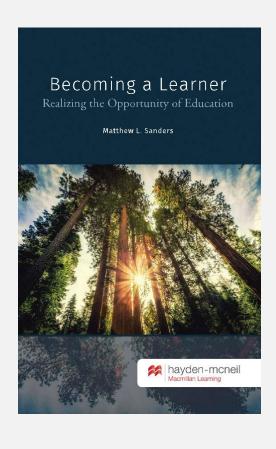


### **Explore more at Varying degrees.org**





## WITHOUT A COMPELLING "WHY," THE "WHAT" AND "HOW" DON'T MATTER



The primary purpose of college isn't to learn a professional set of skills; the primary purpose of college is to become a learner.

Matt Sanders Utah State University matt.sanders@usu.edu

## HELPING STUDENTS EMBRACE THE PURPOSE OF A COLLEGE EDUCATION

- Why do I have to take general education courses? I already did that in high school!
- Why does college have to be 4 years?
- When am I ever going to use this in the real world?
- Is this really worth my time and money?

#### COMPLAINTS ARE A PLEA FOR MEANING

• If your students are complaining about X, that means you have not done a good enough job explaining and framing the value of X.

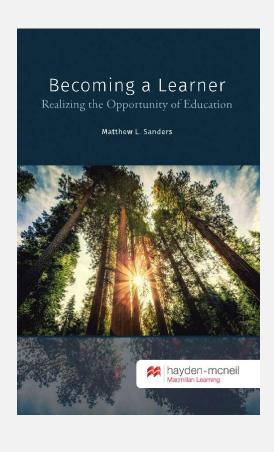
• There is a clear answer to the value proposition critique, but we rarely address the students about it directly.

#### MISSION MISMATCH

- Students:
  - What can I do?
  - Major equals a job which equals success.
  - College is job training.

- University
  - Who do you become?
  - Value of the whole degree.
  - College produces educated persons.

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